

Monday January 14
Lecture 3

Bank Accounts in Java : Version 4 (with ^{A1} supplier)

```
1 public class AccountV4 {  
2     public void withdraw(int amount) throws  
3         WithdrawAmountNegativeException, WithdrawAmountTooLargeException  
4     { if(amount < 0) { /* negated precondition */  
5         throw new WithdrawAmountNegativeException(); }  
6     else if (balance < amount) { /* negated precondition */  
7         throw new WithdrawAmountTooLargeException(); }  
8     else { /* WRONG IMPLEMENTATION */  
9         this.balance = this.balance + amount; }  
10    assert this.getBalance() > 0 :  
11        owner + "Invariant: positive balance"; } }
```

Inv-

int oldBalance = this.balance;

ASSET

this.balance
oldBalance

Bank Accounts in Java : Version 4 Critique

```
1 public class BankAppV4 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         System.out.println("Create an account for Jeremy with balance 100:");  
4         try { AccountV4 jeremy = new AccountV4("Jeremy", 100);  
5             System.out.println(jeremy);  
6             System.out.println("Withdraw 50 from Jeremy's account:");  
7             jeremy.withdraw(50);  
8             System.out.println(jeremy); }  
9             /* catch statements same as this previous slide:  
10             * Version 2: Why Still Not a Good Design? (2.1) */
```

Create an account for Jeremy with balance 100:

Jeremy's current balance is: 100

Withdraw 50 from Jeremy's account:

Jeremy's current balance is: 150 

Bank Accounts in Java : Version 5

```
1 public class AccountV5 {  
2     public void withdraw(int amount) throws  
3         WithdrawAmountNegativeException, WithdrawAmountTooLargeException {  
4         int oldBalance = this.balance; (100)  
5         if (amount < 0) { /* negated precondition */  
6             throw new WithdrawAmountNegativeException(); }  
7             else if (balance < amount) { /* negated precondition */  
8                 throw new WithdrawAmountTooLargeException(); }  
9             else { this.balance = this.balance - amount; } → this.balance = 50  
10            assert this.getBalance() > 0 : "Invariant: positive balance";  
11            assert this.getBalance() == oldBalance - amount :  
12                "Postcondition: balance deducted"; }  
13
```

↓

50

150

↓

100

50

$$\text{to } 50 = 100 - 50$$

150

↓

50

50

T

T

-

int divide (int x , int y ,
ensure Result)

$\boxed{\text{Result} * y \equiv x}$

boolean binSearch (int x , int[] xs)

ensure such that
 $\text{Result} = (\exists i) [0 \leq i < xs.length \wedge xs[i] = x]$ it is the case

$\text{Result} = (\text{Across } 0 \dots (xs.length - 1) \text{ as } i \text{ Some } xs[i].item = x \text{ end.})$

word change (int[] xs, int i, int x)

require

$0 \leq i$ and $i < xs.length$

ensure

[changed : $xs[i] = x$]

0	1	2	3	4
23	46	-23	16	20

xs

old

new

0	1	2	3	4
23	46	-23	16	20

change (xs, 3, 105)

new

xs

0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	105	0

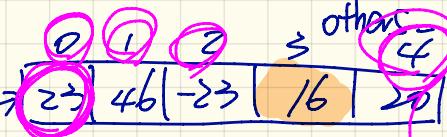
void change (int[] xs, int (\bar{i}), int x)
require

$$0 \leq \bar{i} \text{ and } \bar{i} < xs.length$$

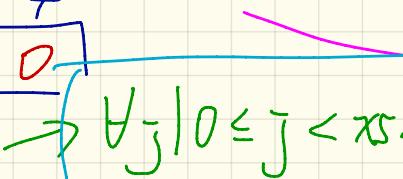
ensure

changed : $xs[\bar{i}] = x$

($i = 0$)

old π_1  \leq other unchanged : $\forall j | 0 \leq j < \bar{i} \vee \bar{i} + 1 \leq j < xs.length$.
 $xs[j] = old$ $\pi_1[j]$

$i = 0$
 $xs[0] = 0$

new π_2  $\forall j | 0 \leq j < xs.length \cdot j \neq \bar{i} \Rightarrow xs[j] = old\ xs[j]$

$\forall j \mid [0 \leq j < xs.length]$.

$[j \neq i \Rightarrow xs[j] = \underline{old} \ xs[i]]$

Across $0 \dots (xs.length - 1)$ as $j \rightarrow$ ^{integer}
all j cursor

$\cancel{x} \neq \cancel{i}$ implies $xs[\cancel{x}] = \underline{old} \ xs[\cancel{x}]$
J.item J.item J.item

end

boolean allPositive ($\text{int}[] \text{ xs}$)

$$-1 - 0 + 1 \neq 0$$

[1, 10]

ensure -

$10 - 1 + 1$

[x, y]

$y - x + 1$

Result = across [0] \dots [xs.length - 1] as i
all $xs[x] > 0$
end) i. item

allPositive (<< 1, 2, 3, -4 >>) F

→ allPositive (<< >>)

allPos ($\ll\ll\gg\gg$)

SomePos ($\ll\ll\gg\gg$, 3, -4, -8)

SomePos ($\ll\ll\gg\gg$) F T

$(\forall x \mid x \in \emptyset \cdot P(x)) \equiv \text{True.}$

\hookrightarrow 'there is no such element $x \in \emptyset$
that can satisfy $P(x)$ ' \Rightarrow witness

$(\exists x \mid x \in \emptyset \cdot P(x)) \equiv \text{False}$

\hookrightarrow 'there is no witness in \emptyset
that can make $P(x)$ true.'

Bank Accounts in Java : Version 5 Critique (Compared with Version 4)

```
1 public class BankAppV5 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         System.out.println("Create an account for Jeremy with balance 100:")  
4         try { AccountV5 jeremy = new AccountV5("Jeremy", 100);  
5             System.out.println(jeremy);  
6             System.out.println("Withdraw 50 from Jeremy's account:");  
7             jeremy.withdraw(50); w. l.  
8             System.out.println(jeremy); }  
9             /* catch statements same as this previous slide:  
10             * Version 2: Why Still Not a Good Design? (2.1) */
```

Create an account for Jeremy with balance 100:

Jeremy's current balance is: 100

Withdraw 50 from Jeremy's account:

Exception in thread "main"

java.lang.AssertionError: Postcondition: balance deducted,

Design by Contract in Eiffel

Implementation View

```

class ACCOUNT
create
make
feature -- Attributes
owner : STRING
balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
require -- precondition
positive_balance: nb > 0
do
owner := nn
balance := nb
end
feature -- Commands
withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
require -- precondition
non_negative_amount: amount > 0
affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problematic, why?
do
balance := balance - amount
ensure -- postcondition
balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
end
invariant -- class invariant
positive_balance: balance > 0
end

```

Geobra *Implementation*

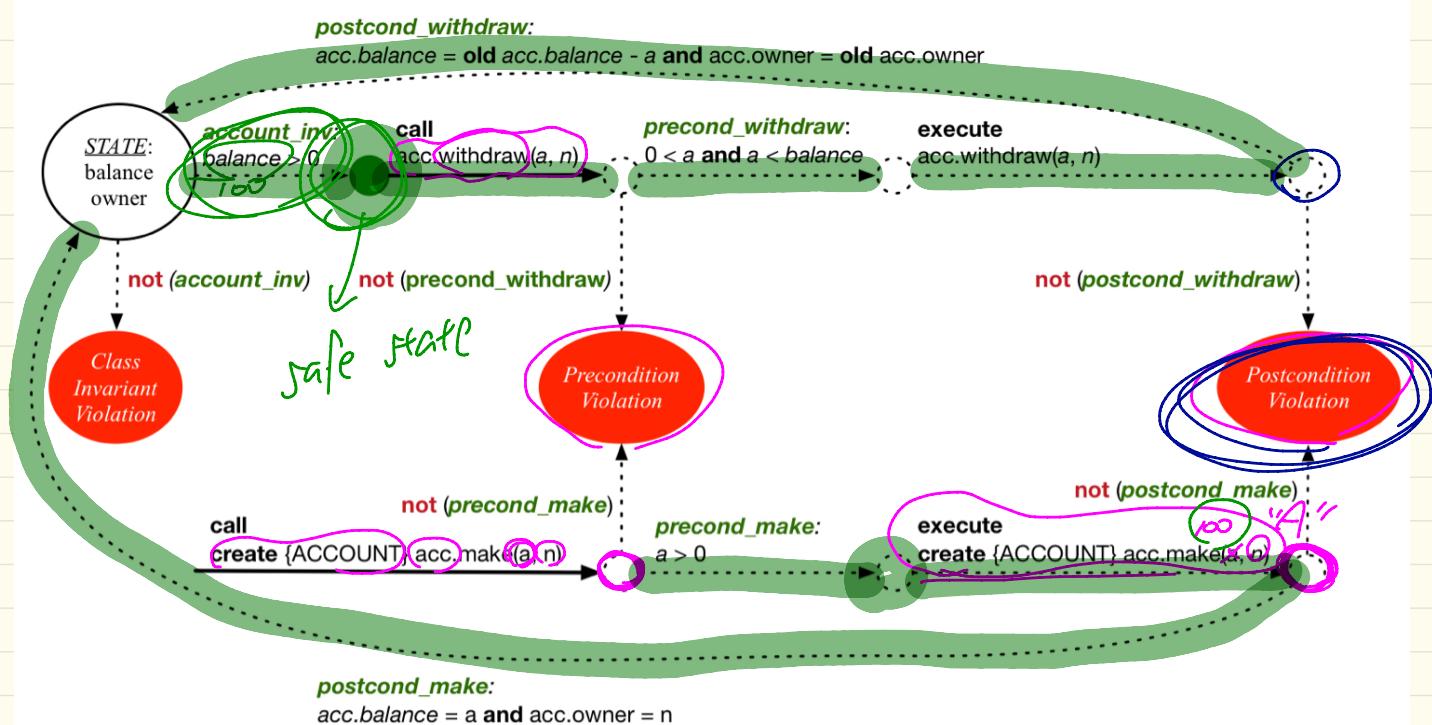
```

class ACCOUNT
create
make
feature -- Attributes
owner : STRING
balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
require -- precondition
positive_balance: nb > 0
end
feature -- Commands
withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
require -- precondition
non_negative_amount: amount > 0
affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problematic, why?
ensure -- postcondition
balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
end
invariant -- class invariant
positive_balance: balance > 0
end

```

Contract View

Runtime Monitoring of Contracts



Precondition Validation (1)

APPLICATION ACCOUNT

Feature bank ACCOUNT make

Call Stack
Status: Import exception pending
positive_balance: RECONDITION_VIOLATION raised

In Feature	In Class	From Class	@
make	ACCOUNT	ACCOUNT	1
make	APPLICATION	APPLICATION	1

```

make (nn: STRING_8; nb: INTEGER_32)
require
  positive_balance: nb >= 0
do
  owner := nn
  balance := nb
end
  
```

✓
Client
Supplier

```

class BANK_APP
inherit
  ARGUMENTS
create
  make
feature -- Initialization
  make
    -- Run application.
local
  alan: ACCOUNT
do
  -- A precondition violation with tag and
  create {ACCOUNT} alan.make ("Alan", -10)
end
end
  
```

class ACCOUNT

create

make

feature -- Attributes

owner : STRING

balance : INTEGER

feature -- Constructors

make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)

require *positive_balance: nb > 0*

end

feature -- Commands

withdraw(amount: INTEGER)

require -- precondition

non_negative_amount: amount >= 0

affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problem

ensure -- postcondition

balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount

end

invariant -- class invariant

positive_balance: balance > 0

F

Precondition Violation (2)

Feature

Status: Implicit exception pending
non_negative_amount PRECONDITION_VIOLATION raised

In Feature In Class From Class @

withdraw withdraw ACCOUNT ACCOUNT withdraw

```

withdraw (amount: INTEGER_32)
  require
    non_negative_amount: amount >= 0
    affordable_amount: amount <= balance
  do
    balance := balance - amount
  ensure
    balance = old balance - amount
end

```

Client

```

class BANK_APP
inherit
  ARGUMENTS
create
  make
feature -- Initialization
  make
    -- Run application.
local
  mark: ACCOUNT
do
  create {ACCOUNT} mark.make ("Mark", 100)
  -- A precondition violation with tag "nc"
  mark.withdraw(-1000000)
end
end

```

Supplier

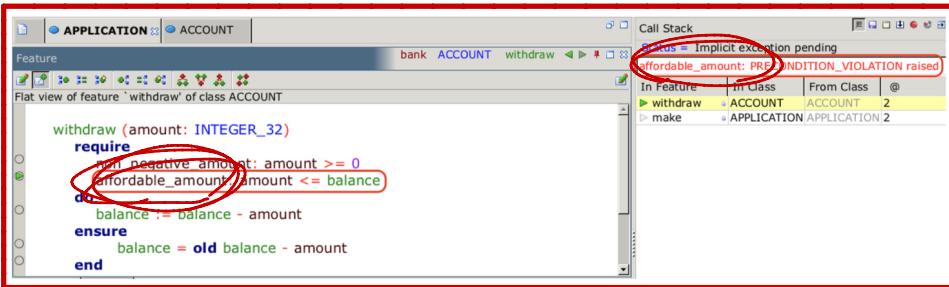
```

class ACCOUNT
create
  make
feature -- Attributes
  owner : STRING
  balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
  make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      positive_balance: nb > 0
    end
feature -- Commands
  withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      non_negative_amount: amount >= 0
      affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problem
    ensure -- postcondition
      balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
    end
  invariant -- class invariant
    positive_balance: balance > 0
end

```

T

Precondition Violation (3)



Supplier

Client

```

class BANK_APP
inherit
  ARGUMENTS
create
  make
feature -- Initialization
  make
    -- Run application.
local
  tom: ACCOUNT
do
  create {ACCOUNT} tom.make ("Tom", 100)
  -- A precondition violation with tag "
  tom.withdraw(150)
end
end

```

F

```

class ACCOUNT
create
  make
feature -- Attributes
  owner : STRING
  balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
  make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      positive_balance: nb > 0
  end
feature -- Commands
  withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      non_negative_amount: amount >= 0
      affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problem
    ensure -- postcondition
      balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
    end
invariant -- class invariant
  positive_balance: balance > 0
end

```

Class Invariant Violation

The screenshot shows a UML tool interface with a red border around the main window. At the top, there are tabs for APPLICATION and ACCOUNT. Below the tabs, the title bar says "bank ACCOUNT _invariant". The main area displays a feature tree under "Feature" with a node labeled "positive_balance: balance > 0" highlighted with a red box. To the right, a "Call Stack" window is open, showing a table with three columns: "In Feature", "In Class", and "From Class". A row for the invariant is highlighted in yellow, showing "In Feature: _invariant", "In Class: ACCOUNT", and "From Class: ACCOUNT @ 0". A status message at the top of the call stack window reads "Status = Implicit exception pending" and "positive_balance: INVARIANT_VIOLATION raised".

Client

```
class BANK_APP
inherit
  ARGUMENTS
create
  make
feature -- Initialization
  make
  -- Run application.
local
  jim: ACCOUNT
do
  create {ACCOUNT} tom.make ("Jim", 100)
  jim.withdraw(100)
  -- A class invariant violation with tag "positive_balance"
end
end
```

Supplier

```
class ACCOUNT
create
  make
feature -- Attributes
  owner : STRING
  balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
  make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      positive_balance: nb > 0
    end
feature -- Commands
  withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
    require -- precondition
      non_negative_amount: amount >= 0
      affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problem
    ensure -- postcondition
      balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
    end
invariant -- class invariant
  positive_balance: balance > 0
end
```

Postcondition Violation

The screenshot shows a UML tool interface with a red border. At the top, there are tabs for APPLICATION and ACCOUNT, with ACCOUNT selected. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. The main area displays a feature named 'withdraw' for the class 'ACCOUNT'. The code is as follows:

```
affordable_amount: amount <= balance
do
    balance := balance + amount
ensure
    balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
end
```

A red box highlights the 'balance_deducted' line. In the top right corner, there is a 'Call Stack' window with the status 'Implicit exception pending' and the message 'balance_deducted: POSTCONDITION_VIOLATION raised'. The call stack table has columns for In Feature, In Class, From Class, and @. It shows two entries: 'withdraw' from ACCOUNT at line 4 and 'make' from APPLICATION at line 2.

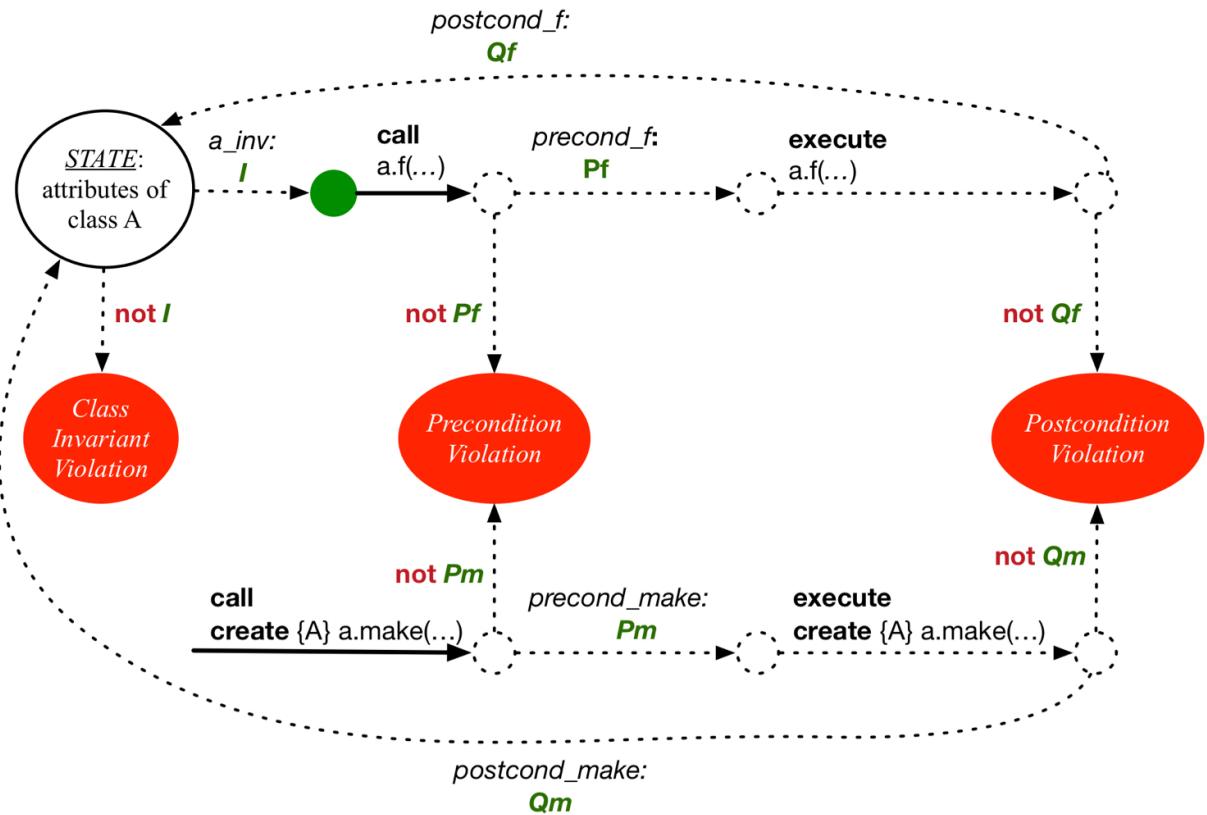
Client

```
class BANK_APP
inherit ARGUMENTS
create make
feature -- Initialization
make
    -- Run application.
local
    jeremy: ACCOUNT
do
    -- Faulty implementation of withdraw in ACCOUNT
    -- balance := balance + amount
    create {ACCOUNT} jeremy.make ("Jeremy", 100)
    jeremy.withdraw(150)
    -- A postcondition violation with tag "balance_deducted"
end
end
```

Supplier

```
class ACCOUNT
create
    make
feature -- Attributes
    owner : STRING
    balance : INTEGER
feature -- Constructors
    make(nn: STRING; nb: INTEGER)
        require -- precondition
            positive_balance: nb > 0
        end
feature -- Commands
    withdraw(amount: INTEGER)
        require -- precondition
            non_negative_amount: amount ≥ 0
            affordable_amount: amount <= balance -- problem
        ensure -- postcondition
            balance_deducted: balance = old balance - amount
        end
invariant -- class invariant
    positive_balance: balance > 0
end
```

Runtime Monitoring of Contracts



Nach- Eiffel

=

:=

X

require
tmp:
local
do
ensure
end

f : INTEGER

local

require

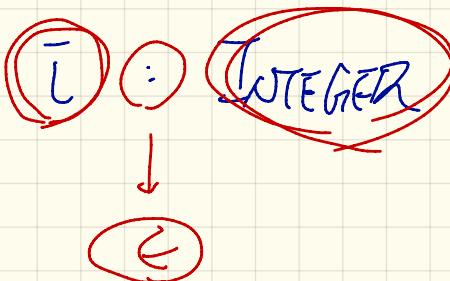
do

ensure
end

Int i :

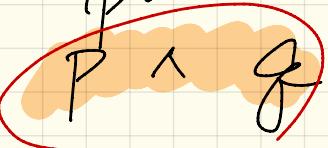
Int i = 5 ;

local
i : INTEGER
do
i := 5



Logic

$\neg P \vee$



$P \wedge g$

$P \vee g$

P	g	$P \wedge g$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	F

Java



$P \&& g$

$P \parallel g$

$f(\text{int } i, \text{ int[]} xs): \text{INT}$

require. P

$i \leq l$ $\&&$ $i < xs.length$

$\&& xs[i] > 0$

$0 \leq i \leq l$ $\&& xs[i] > 0$

$\&& i < xs.length$